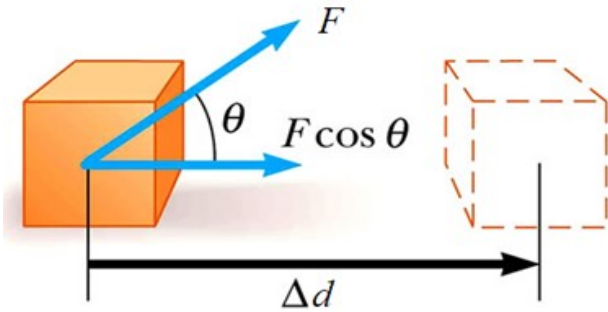


## Reviewing Work and Energy

### SPH4U

**Work** is the \_\_\_\_\_ transferred to an object when a \_\_\_\_\_ moves it through a \_\_\_\_\_ :



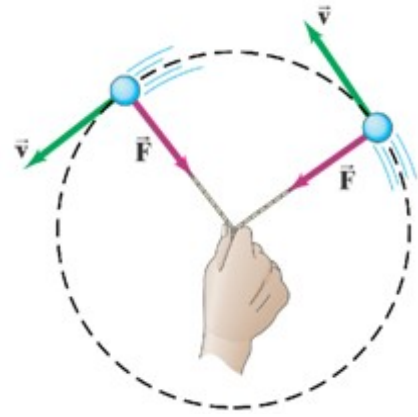
Example: A book of mass 1.5 kg sliding across a table is brought to a stop in 1.0 m. The coefficient of kinetic friction between the book and the table is 0.36. What is the work done by friction on the book?

Friction reduced the \_\_\_\_\_ **energy** of the box:

Example: What was the initial speed of the book?

Work and Centripetal Force Example:

A tension of magnitude 18 N is exerted on a mass of 2.0 kg to make it move in a horizontal circle of radius 1.0 m at a speed of 3.0 m/s. What is the work done on the mass during one cycle?



Work can also be done to increase the **gravitational potential energy** of an object:

Example: On your desk you have  $N$  identical coins, each with a mass  $m$ . You stack the coins into a vertical pile to a height  $y$ . If you put one more coin on top, what will be the gravitational potential energy stored in the stack?

Textbook Questions:

- p. 181 #4, 5
- p. 186 #4, 5
- p. 191 #4

